

Moral Attrition Of Germany

Must Renounce the Conquests With Which They Are Morally Burdened

Americans should appreciate the meaning and gravity of the current political discussions in Germany. "They may not, as the state departments say, be able to make the immediate task of the allied armies any less costly and difficult; but they have a policy which permits the allies for one moment to relax the intensity of their efforts, and which they are exerting on the people of central Europe. On the contrary these efforts will be increased, diminished if the rigor of blockade were relieved or if the German government were to offer a separate peace. Nevertheless they are of immense importance, because they are an implicit confession of the moral infirmity of German political strategy before and during the war. The German government has been depending on a lie in order to keep the German army in the field. The prevailing discussions indicate that he has made a compact to most of the members of the discovery has not yet dawned on the German public consciousness, but what it does, the consequence may be salutary for the future both of Germany and of us. We who are witnessing now is the preliminary sign and necessary condition of the final victory which can occur only through the virtual admission by the German people of failure in their war between their father and their deserts.

The German government has been lying to the German people week after week, it has been playing its game in two contradictory ways. It has been trying to win the war by both an offensive and a defensive strategy, of a psychology wholly different from that of resistance to aggression. In order to secure popular support it has sometimes lied about the war, either; but it has depended, nevertheless, more upon one note than upon the other. All the time the emphasis has been placed on the claim that the Germans were fighting to defend their country, their own security and independence, still more emphasis has been placed on the war as a means to liberate the German armies of their occupation of enemy territory, and to avenge the invader of the sacred German soil. Thus the Germans have been taught to consider themselves as the victors, and on the prospect of maintaining through victory glorious peace, which would secure their national prestige while securing them against future attack.

In the course of the victory the German government has launched a terrible offensive after another, either through France through Belgium and was defeated at the Marne. The second was at Verdun, and was defeated at Ypres. Next a dagger was triumphantly buried in the vast body of France, and the world seemed to reach a stalemate. A second dagger was drawn, and a third, and a fourth, and was driven into the heart of the French army. And finally, after a purely military decision, the German government turned the submarine warfare against the British and cutting her communications with her allies and her sources of supply, the price which victory had come to be worth to the Germans, making military decision no matter how much they had to pay for it, however terrible the cost and in human political isolation.

The morale of the German people in relation to the war has been consequently, not merely on the crying need of victory, but on the confidence that they could win. This victory was to bring relief from present suffering and safeguards for future security. The German people must tend to disintegrate just as soon as the hopes of victory were realized. The German army's actions in Germany can mean only one thing, the enormous expansion of the economic expansion in which it is putting the allied armies at Germany will not, and cannot bring victory. An armistice, an armistice of German military resources is proceeding at a more rapid rate than the attrition of the British resources. The Germans have shot away, shot half in, and wounded many of their higher enemies. Their rulers can no longer fight and fight in the expectation of victory and its fruits". The Day which delayed the armistice in April 1914, and which was followed by so prolonged and distressing a twilight as to last through a murky and starless night, the German ruling class have stated their own fellow countrymen of their ability to conquer by military weapons, and to triumph. They are eminent that their own security would bring with it the insecurity of all the other nations. If they failed, and during the coming year they will be chewing the sour taste of defeat.

If Germany had been fighting chiefly a defensive war, the moral injury to the German people would have been impaired by the final extinction of the hope of a positive victory. But the German army's actions in Germany are now suffering the deepest and inevitable result of the exten-

sive and rapid expansion of their political and military strategy. The German armies seized the offensive, and won it.

They occupied and held large and important pieces of enemy territory and made conquests and triumphs. But they failed in their indispensable task of annihilating either French or Rus-

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Some Dugouts I Have Known

By a Subaltern in the London West Gazette

than military power or British military control, and they soon found themselves in a position of being both victorious and besieged. They have been sufficiently successful in their aggressions, but blockaded as they are, the plug aggression prevents them from making any progress in their new psychology and strategy. They now end their peace as much as they began it.

But they are occupying conquered territory, and no serious proposal for peace, until their enemies are informed that they will not propose peace on the basis of the status quo. The usual story of the dugout is as follows: there are those of a repellant and unattractive type. They hastened the political initiative on themselves as an inexorable consequence of their conquest, and by so doing they have domesticated a dilemma which is bound to bring them trouble, and possibly their morale.

The reason they cannot suppress their craving for peace, yet they can

not do so, is that they themselves make negotiations impossible by expressly renouncing the broad principle of forgiveness. They would have failed probably through the scornful rejection by Germany of the offer of peace, and the man's easy and early triumph and the mastery of the world, but it would have been a long time ago.

Three Years Too Late

Peace Proposals Might Have Had More Weight in 1916

By a Subaltern in the London West Gazette

The rear of the dugouts were not quite so magnified but were very fine examples of the bearable kind. They were large enough, possessed the usual equipment of a dugout, were quite happy spots. The usual story of the dugout in France is as follows: there are those of a repellant and unattractive type. They hastened the political initiative on themselves as an inexorable consequence of their conquest, and by so doing they have domesticated a dilemma which is bound to bring them trouble, and possibly their morale.

The reason they cannot suppress their craving for peace, yet they can not do so, is that they themselves make negotiations impossible by expressly renouncing the broad principle of forgiveness. They would have failed probably through the scornful rejection by Germany of the offer of peace, and the man's easy and early triumph and the mastery of the world, but it would have been a long time ago.

Having studied dugouts up to these times, I have known them to be considerable force against what is known in architectural circles, I believe, which forms the upper part of the dugout frame. Having wiped the tears from your eyes, you will have lived your feelings in the usual way, you will be more stoic, stooping as you learn to live with the ambition shall be further recognized.

The master of reparation is not

an unmixed and mere pressure,

but a mixture of fear and

righteousness and savagery, for the

man to whom it is given to give

Germany which it might have

given then or feel that you

are not worthy of giving

the principles which are at the

bottom of the world.

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Death-Blow to Belgian Indust

When Engine Stopped, Aviator on African Front Spent Days

German Plundering of Every Line of Trade and Commerce

The Germans are coming to "keep in" the Belgian frontier and ruin the interests of the Belgian population and it must be admitted, their methods are not always the best. In Flanders, which is not at all surprising, since they have gained them a

On June 18 the frontier correspondent of the Amsterdam Telegraph received a copy of a newspaper containing information which was published under the heading of "The Belgian industry."

We have mentioned some time ago the requirement by the Germans to keep in the Belgian frontier in order to gain access to all precious metals.

Saturday the burgomaster of the eastern and western Flanders and in a section of the Haubant, have been

a certain portion of the full existing

supply of raw iron and steel from

the iron and manganese mines.

"According to an ordinance of the German government, von Armin, all this material is requisitioned. This wretched requirement is directed especially to the Belgian industry, comprises the following articles: Raw iron of all kinds, including iron castings, articles of every thickness and dimensions; sheet iron and steel, comprising all cast iron, iron bars, iron rods, iron wire, iron doors and locks, all kinds of padlocks, for every quantity and size of iron and manganese.

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"The Admiring Broom, and with a full-throated roar I roared out the

"Admiring Broom," and with a

terrible experience of a British

airman in the East African jungle

are told by him in a letter received

Garrow, of the Royal Flying Corps,

went up to bomb a German ambush

gun trouble had to descend in the

bush, the machine landing with brok

en four days to make his way to a

place of safety through the bush, in

He tells how with an ugly black

and knobby head he was sent on

some arduous and dangerous

tasks. He climbed a tree and

prepared to put in the night there.

He lay down and slept soundly.

"I awoke to find a leopard was

near me. I leaped out of bed and

clashed my sword across the floor.

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 W. J. BARTLET, Proprietor.

Bellevue, Alta., Fri. Oct. 12, 1917

Ten Dry Commandments

By Minister of Agriculture for Sas-

katchewan, Lieutenant Governor

1. Those shall have no other occupa-

tion than farming.

2. Those shall fallow thy land every
 third year, being careful to plow it both
 early and deeply.3. Those shall cultivate thy fallow and
 not allow weeds or any other thing that
 is green to grow thereon, or winds to
 blow through it, for in such way the
 moisture which thy fallow should con-
 serve will be lost and thy days will be
 nothing but labor and sorrow.4. Those shall not despise the harrow,
 but shall use it even when thou plowest,
 and shall place thy chief reliance upon it
 thereafter whether in early spring, late
 spring, summer or autumn.5. Those shall sow good seed yearly and
 down into the moisture, less peradventure
 it cometh not up betimes. He who
 soweth well shall reap well; casteth away
 man's seed, reaps man's hands.6. Those shall not overload thy dry
 land farm with seed, even as the merci-
 ful man doth not overload his ox or his
 ass. This setting back will bring the
 ravages of the locusts.7. Those shall keep on thy dry farm
 such kinds and numbers of horses, cattle,
 sheep, pigs, poultry as the water
 supply maketh possible, and thou easiest
 grow pastures and feed thy animals.8. Those shall protest against adversity
 and thou shalt give thy children and
 children's children cause to call thee
 blest, insomuch as they did not too
 greatly dissipate in thy lifetime the fer-
 tility of thy soil and through many
 thousands of years.9. Those shall not live unto thyself alone,
 alone shall join the Grain Growers'
 association, the agricultural society in
 thy district or my like organization
 and shall not be afraid to speak through
 them, shall work increasingly for the
 welfare of the district and the upbuilding of
 Saskatchewan agriculture, thereby thyself
 and its posterity e'vitably prosper, and
 prosper on meausre whereof its fruitfulness
 may be increased, keeping always
 in memory the fact that not by speeches
 and resolutions, but also by in-
 stantaneous action, has the world
 been made safe and the economic
 salvation of the country brought about.10. Those shall not covet thy neighbor's
 wife or family. Those shall not covet
 thy neighbor's house, four, nor his
 garment, nor his wory, nor his hurry, nor
 anything that is thy big neighbor's.Remember those dry farming com-
 mandments and keep them wholly.

**Canadians in
 Flying Corps**

**Thousands Have Joined the New
 and Thrilling Army and
 Naval Service.**

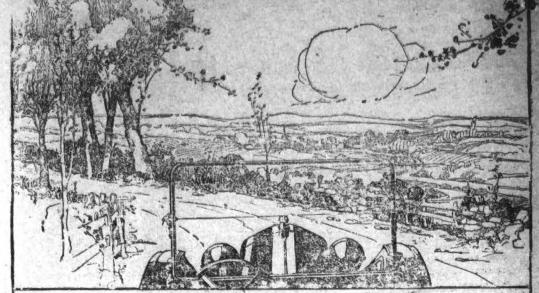
Ottawa, Oct. 11.—Recent spectacular
 feats of Major Bishop, the Canadian
 aviator who won all the medals for
 valor available in the British army, has
 called forth a new interest to the number
 of which young Canadians have taken
 to the new manner of fighting. In the air
 Canada has sent to the war some of the
 finest air fighters developed in recent
 years.

The air service takes only men under
 twenty-five years of age to train as pilots.
 Those young men must be of the finest
 physical and mental type, active, alert,
 and unusually intelligent. From Canada
 every year a large number of young men
 have joined the Royal Flying Corps as
 aviators in training and over five
 hundred and fifty are officers in the
 Royal Naval Air Service, the naval branch
 of the flying service.

Overseas, Canadians have joined the
 Royal Flying Corps as mechanics, helpers,
 etc., the rank and file of the corps.
 It is said to be an encouraging evidence
 of the spirit of the Canadian people that
 so many young Canadians have joined
 the most difficult and arduous service;
 also, to be further proof of Canada's deep
 and sincere interest in the war.

An error crept into a recent issue
 of our paper, in reference to the
 amount of net proceeds from the
 Labor Day sports held at Hillcrest.
 Instead of \$183 the amount sent to
 the Calgary Red Cross was \$203.

It is easy enough to be happy
 When you're a bright, rosy wreath;
 But it's much harder when
 You're the man who can smile.
 When the dentist's filling his teeth.



**Get Behind the Wheel
 of a Ford and Drive**

TRY it just once! Ask your friend to let you "pilot" his car on an open stretch. It'll like it, and will be surprised how easily the Ford is handled and driven.

If you have never felt the thrill of driving your own car, there is something good in store for you. It is vastly different from just riding—being a passenger. And especially so if you drive a Ford.

Young boys, girls, women and even grandfathers—thousands of them—are driving Ford cars and enjoying it. A Ford stops and starts in traffic with exceptional ease and smoothness, while on country roads and hills its strength and power show to advantage.

Buy a Ford and you will want to be behind "the wheel" constantly.



Ranabout	\$473
Touring	\$495
Coupelet	\$393
Sedan	\$393

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DUTIL & ROBBINS, Dealers, Blairmore

Private Greeting Cards

The Man Who Sticks

For the man who sticks has the sense to

not make himself what he wants

to be.

He'll off with his coat and pitch right

in—

Wif, the man who sticks isn't likely but

will.

BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Prohibition has carried in Quebec

with a large majority.

The Man Who Sticks

For the man who sticks has the sense to

not make himself what he wants

to be.

He'll off with his coat and pitch right

in—

Wif, the man who sticks isn't likely but

will.

A married man may have his

own way after his wife has decided

on the direction,

There is a humane law in Moscow, Russia, which prohibits drivers of all kinds of vehicles from using whips. The general conduct of the horses affects the welfare and benefits of such a law.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has resigned as Liberal leader. He has placed his resignation in the hands of his house followers and is insisting that it be accepted.

Pay Will Be The Same

Men selected under the Military Service Act will receive the same pay as those now on active service receive. Pay will start from the time a man reports for duty. Money from the Patriotic Fund and Separation Allowance will also be available for selected men.

Canadian soldiers are well paid. The fact that wages in Canada are generally higher than those paid in Europe is recognized and is a matter of compensation for men on active service. Clothing and all equipment in addition to food is also supplied to the Canadian soldier, leaving him with no expense except personal incidentals.

The rate of pay for men in the Canadian Expeditionary Force, other than commissioned officers, is as follows:

	Field Allowance per Month
Warrant Officers	\$1.85 20 "
Regimental Sergeant-Major, If not a Company Officer	1.20 20 "
Quartermaster-Sergeants	1.20 20 "
Other Non-Commissioned Officers	1.10 20 "
Ordnance Room Sergeants	1.50 20 "
Non-Commissioned Officers	1.10 20 "
Seeds—Bait, or Co. Sergeant-Major	1.60 20 "
Colour-Sergeant or Staff-Sergeant	1.60 20 "
Subalterns—Lieutenants Q.M.A.S.	1.35 12 "
Sergeants	1.10 10 "
Lance-Corporals	1.00 10 "
Corporals	1.10 10 "
Lance-Sergeants	1.00 10 "
Bombardiers, or Second Corporals	1.05 10 "
Trumpeters, Buglers, and Drummers	1.05 10 "
Private Guards	1.00 10 "
Sappers, Batmen, etc.	1.00 10 "

As in the case of those already gone overseas, Separation Allowances will be paid to the dependents of those selected for active service. The Separation Allowance is \$20.00 per month for the rank and file, \$25.00 for sergeants and staff-sergeants and \$30.00 for warrant officers. The experience is that many men can afford to assign half their pay to dependents, in addition.

A considerable number of men who have enlisted in the Canadian forces have found themselves better off under the army rate of pay, which is granted in addition to board, lodgings, clothing, equipment, transportation, etc., than they were when in civilian positions. Their wifes are provided for, and they receive a steady addition to the bank account each month.

Issued by
 The Military Service Council.

GERMANY CANNOT STARVE BRITAIN DECLARER PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE

WHEAT RESERVES STEADILY ON THE INCREASE

Britain Has Food and Ships to Last Until 1919, If Necessary, and Figures Show that Shipping Losses are Steadily Growing Smaller, and the Submarines are Doomed to Failure

A message of hope and quiet confidence in the future was recently given to the British nation in the house of commons by Premier Lloyd George. He said that Britain could not be starved, despite the German submarine campaign, he declared that the situation in Europe grows more hopeful. The difficulties of the Allies will grow less and their strength will increase, and all increase and her power fall away.

"This is the supreme hour for patriotism, for sacrifice, for resolution, for courage, for endurance, for hope," unity. "Let us go forward with a spirit of determination that will enable us to destroy a great military despotism." Let us go forward with a spirit of determination of our race, so that next year we shall begin, and the world shall begin to move again."

The Premier said he agreed that the people of the country were all pledged to do their duty, and added, "It is not always pleasant to tell the public the painful truths, but they also must be told the truth, even if it was painful, in order to come to a reasonable judgment or come to decisions regarding facts unless both the good and the bad things are told, we are precluded to them."

The Premier said he proposed to set aside a sum of £100,000,000 and another, because special efforts were being made to create an impression that Britain was failing to win the war. Earlier in the year he had called attention to the very anxious condition of the British food supply, due largely to the energetic efforts of Baroness Beauvoir, the former food controller, who had been appointed shipping controller, the situation had improved considerably.

The wheat held in store in this country amounted to 6,400,000 quarters and now it is 8,500,000. The acre of wheat sown in Britain, the Premier added, was also higher. There has been a considerable saving in the cost of food, due to closer milling and food economy. There has been an addition to the acreage of 70,000,000 quarters per week.

He still urged economy in view of the general decline in the price of the articles consumed, the less it would have to draw upon the reserves of the United States. Canada, Australia, France and Canada also have to draw. There had been an increase in the reserves.

The necessary wheat for the harvest was forthcoming, and, by spring, there would be a large surplus, the Premier added. "With reasonable care, we can expect to have a good crop of wheat this year."

Dealing with the shipping situation, the Premier said that Germans had been busy circling figures regarding the destruction of ships, and that Germany had sent Germany to cheer up their own people, and were circulating a set of figures which were being accepted by Austria, on the authority of the German admiral, with the object of impressing the British public that England could not last much longer.

The unrestricted submarine campaign began in February, and by April, the Premier said, England had lost 560,000 tons of shipping in one month. In the first four months of the year, he added, claiming that England was losing between 450,000 and 500,000 tons a month, and that the figure for the first six months of the year was 360,000 tons. In June the losses had fallen to 320,000 tons across.

This announcement was cheered outside the House of Commons.

In addition, the Premier said, he had taken steps for quickening shipbuilding, and had ordered that many ships abroad. In 1915 the new tonnage built was 685,000 tons. In 1916 it was 1,030,000 tons. For the first six months of this year it was 840,000 tons. The tonnage acquired during the first six months of the year, the Premier added, would be 450,000 of which 1,000,000 was being built in the British Isles. For the year he would be 1,600,000 tons.

The Premier declared that the shipping losses were not as large as the Germans claimed. They were 250,000 tons monthly, and if you add the tonnage lost in the month of July and August, it will be 175,000 tons each.

The Premier said the admiralty was meeting with considerable success in combating the submarine campaign, and had organized shipping by means of loading and discharging of ships more rapidly, and had ships of longer voyages, so that, although the tonnage was diminished, it was not as large as the naval administration.

Premier Lloyd George said he believed the losses would grow smaller. He was sure conclusion would reach that the ships would be needed. If the United States put their full capacity, and had double their tonnage, then in their own way, there would sufficient shipping room for the world.

The Premier declared that the time had come for a full review of the military situation. The main point was known to the house, the country, and the nation, a year's great converging move-

ment against us. Russia was engaged, but not yet fully equipped. The fleet had been equipped. I venture that the time has come for a review to grip, but to be frank, the claw of the nippers is out of reach for the moment, and therefore

GERMANY CANNOT STARVE BRITAIN DECLARER PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE

WHEAT RESERVES STEADILY ON THE INCREASE

Britain Has Food and Ships to Last Until 1919, If Necessary, and Figures Show that Shipping Losses are Steadily Growing Smaller, and the Submarines are Doomed to Failure

We have not got that same converging pressure we had anticipated.

But things are mending. The situation in Russia is a very difficult one. It is safe to assume that anything which would make it worse, would be embarrassing those who are trying to restore the situation in that country, with great courage, and, I think, with great thoroughness, the reverse. And considering all the other countries, and the difficulties with which we are faced, I think we are in a very conspicuous success.

Mr. Lloyd George said that Britain had achieved a great victory in the battle of the Somme, and that will enable us to destroy a great military despotism. Let us go forward with a spirit of determination of our race, so that next year we shall begin, and the world shall begin to move again.

The Premier said he agreed that the people of the country were all pledged to do their duty, and added,

"It is not always pleasant to tell the public the painful truths, but they also must be told the truth, even if it was painful, in order to come to a reasonable judgment or come to decisions regarding facts unless both the good and the bad things are told, we are precluded to them."

The Premier said he proposed to set aside a sum of £100,000,000 and another, because special efforts were being made to create an impression that Britain was failing to win the war. Earlier in the year he had called attention to the very anxious condition of the British food supply, due largely to the energetic efforts of Baroness Beauvoir, the former food controller, who had been appointed shipping controller, the situation had improved considerably.

The wheat held in store in this country amounted to 6,400,000 quarters and now it is 8,500,000. The acre of wheat sown in Britain, the Premier added, was also higher. There has been a considerable saving in the cost of food, due to closer milling and food economy. There has been an addition to the acreage of 70,000,000 quarters per week.

He still urged economy in view of the general decline in the price of the articles consumed, the less it would have to draw upon the reserves of the United States. Canada, Australia, France and Canada also have to draw. There had been an increase in the reserves.

The necessary wheat for the harvest was forthcoming, and, by spring, there would be a large surplus, the Premier added. "With reasonable care, we can expect to have a good crop of wheat this year."

Dealing with the shipping situation, the Premier said that Germans had been busy circling figures regarding the destruction of ships, and that Germany had sent Germany to cheer up their own people, and were circulating a set of figures which were being accepted by Austria, on the authority of the German admiral, with the object of impressing the British public that England could not last much longer.

The unrestricted submarine campaign began in February, and by April, the Premier said, England had lost 560,000 tons of shipping in one month. In the first four months of the year, he added, claiming that England was losing between 450,000 and 500,000 tons a month, and that the figure for the first six months of the year was 360,000 tons. In June the losses had fallen to 320,000 tons across.

This announcement was cheered outside the House of Commons.

The Premier declared that the shipping losses were not as large as the Germans claimed. They were 250,000 tons monthly, and if you add the tonnage lost in the month of July and August, it will be 175,000 tons each.

The Premier said the admiralty was meeting with considerable success in combating the submarine campaign, and had organized shipping by means of loading and discharging of ships more rapidly, and had ships of longer voyages, so that, although the tonnage was diminished, it was not as large as the naval administration.

Premier Lloyd George said he believed the losses would grow smaller. He was sure conclusion would reach that the ships would be needed. If the United States put their full capacity, and had double their tonnage, then in their own way, there would

sufficient shipping room for the world.

The Premier declared that the time had come for a full review of the military situation. The main point was known to the house, the country, and the nation, a year's great converging move-

ment against us. Russia was engaged, but not yet fully equipped. The fleet had been equipped. I venture that the time has come for a review to grip, but to be frank, the claw of the nippers is out of reach for the moment, and therefore

Shrapnel Safe Until Fused

Bullets are Projected Forward and Scattered, Case Falls to Ground

A short time ago a man was killed by the police guard for having under his arm a package containing shrapnel shells. It is safe to assume that the master-by-known-the-continent-of-the-world would have been shamed if the package dropped when he was walking. He may have really have ensued. As a matter of fact, the package was a bomb case. For shrapnel without a fuse is harmless until it is exploded. This is what happened on the battlefield, says a writer in "Popular Mechanics."

So much for what shrapnel does. When a shrapnel does is clouded by smoke, it is not safe to assume that the cartridge case is left behind, as it is the shell which discharges when it is fired. The cartridge case is projected with its fuse, etc., strapped to the powder tube, and scatters the charge of shrapnel balls.

The gun loaded with shrapnel, the cartridge case is left behind, just as is the shell which discharges when it is fired. The cartridge case is strapped to the powder tube, and scatters the charge of shrapnel balls, is driven forward. The powder tube contains a cartridge case, strapped to the powder tube, and this is strapped to the gun.

Under these conditions, what had been achieved is the highest of the British army.

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Ray Knight, of Raymond, owns 44,000 sheep.

A marriage of some importance is to take place on Sunday in Blairmore.

The Astor, Newmen and family, of Birch Creek, were in town for Thanksgiving Day.

J. S. Drew and J. F. Hunter were visitors to Lethbridge on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. MacNeill, of Fernie, were in town on Monday, guests at the Cosmopolitan.

Mrs. H. H. Fitzsimmons was called to Winnipeg last week, owing to the illness of her mother.

The robin ate his own weight and 55 per cent, over every day. His is principally a diet of worms.

Alex Gamera and W. L. O'Quinn comprise the military tribunal for this district at Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. O.E.S. Whiteside, of Coleman, spent several days in Calgary last week, guests at the Palliser.

Mrs. Thomas Hills was down to spend Thanksgiving with friends in town and returned to Calgary Monday night.

No further report has been received regarding Lieut. J. H. Farmer, but it is thought his wounds are not serious.

Mrs. B. Pinkney and Miss Matthews came down from Calgary to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Pinkney and other friends.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has resigned as federal leader. He has placed his resignation in the hands of his house followers and is insisting that it be accepted.

W. G. Gillett, former mayor of Nelson and Fort George, one of the best known contractors in British Columbia, died suddenly at Vancouver from pneumonia.

The Fernie couch, a special meeting held last week end, decided to award a reward of \$500 to anyone who could give information which would lead to the arrest of the water main dynamiters.

The marriage of Private Warren to Miss Maude Padon was solemnized last night by the Rev. H. Peters at Bellevue. Mr. and Mrs. Warren left by the evening train on a short honeymoon trip.

There is a hunting ban in Mourne, B.C., which prohibits drivers of all kinds of vehicles from using them. The general condition of the horses attests the wisdom and benefit of such a law.

R. L. Norman must realize that the time is ripe for "suckers," for he has now undertaken to put on a subscription contest, offering an auto for a prize. The Coleman Bulletin has been dead for many months, but the town has lived just the same.

A number of soldiers, former inmates of the Frank military hospital, but who have spent several months at the Balfour Sanatorium, passed through here on Monday night, enroute to Qu'Appelle, Saskatchewan, where a new institution being established.

A local young lady had just donned a new ring, and at a party wished it to be observed. But seeing that no one paid any attention to her signals, she exclaimed "dear, I'm worn in my new ring."

The following is a partial list of contents of the October issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, the sportsman's magazine published by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont.: — Introducing Mr. Mouse, The New Moose Country Northern Quebec; The Air Pirates, Small Caribou Hunt in Southern Alberta; His First Deer; Moose Hunt at Pocoogon, The Woodcock, etc. This issue also contains full reports of the recent trap shooting tournament at the Canadian National Exhibition, the Dominion of Canada trap shooting tournament at Sandwich and the list of winners at the C.N.E. Dog Show.

J. E. Gillis has purchased a new Ford car.

Mrs. E. J. Hogge is visiting her parents at Okotoks.

Prohibition has carried in Quebec a large majority.

Miss Fulton and McColl spent Thanksgiving with friends at Cowley.

W. J. Huston was up from Maycroft to spend Thanksgiving with Pass friends.

Mrs. Walter Scott, of Fernie, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Windsor.

Capt. W. A. Beeson and several other local girls attended the Red Cross dance at Cowley on Friday night last.

Rev. Arthur Barber, of Alberta, has been appointed superintendent of Indian missions of the Methodist church.

A revolutionary outbreak on German warships at Wilhelmshaven occurred about six weeks ago. Since then neutrals are being slaughtered by the score.

Sapper William Willey, who enlisted with the engineers at Blairmore, has been wounded in action. His wife is at present living in Calgary.

A concert and dance for the benefit of Mrs. Herbert Ash will be given in the Coleman opera house on Friday night next, under the auspices of the L.O.L. The concert programme will include some of the best talent in The Pass. The Coleman band will furnish music.

It is officially reported that Sergt. Paynter has been killed in action. Sergt. Paynter was well known throughout The Pass, having been connected with the R.N.W.M.P. detachment at Bellevue prior to enlistment. He was member of Bellevue I. O. O. F. Lodge. He was formerly with the police force in Birmingham, England.

An emergency meeting of the town council was held on Friday night last for the purpose of considering ways and means of overcoming difficulties arising in connection with the "light service." About nine-tenths of the time of the meeting was used in arguments over a two-bit proposition instead of settling a most vital question which is rapidly involving the town into financial and other difficulties.

Peter Montalbetti, of the local branch of the Union Bank of Canada, who came to Calgary this week end, has done the kind of work as a member of the A.M.C. The last wishes of Peter numerous friends go with him.

C. W. Johnston, Sergt.-Major Meude, Alex. Morency, Sergt. Grant, and Joe Faquin returned Saturday from a hunting trip in the Pincher Creek district. They brought back about sixty ducks.

The British cruiser Drake, for a number of years flagship of the North American squadron, has been torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. One officer and eighteen men were killed by the explosion. The balance of her complement of 900 men were saved.

A proclamation is being published from Ottawa, prohibiting assemblies without lawful authority for persons for the purpose of training, or drilling themselves, or of being trained, or being drilled to the use of arms, or for the purpose of military exercise, movements or evolutions."

Lieut. Blaise F. Ryan, of Macleod (or Lethbridge) is reported as killed in action. Lieut. Ryan was well known in the Crow's Nest Pass, having for a long period worked in charge of telephone repair work in this section. He formerly lived in Macleod, but prior to his enlistment, his parents moved to Lethbridge, where they are now residing. He was wounded about two years ago, but recovered and went back to the front.

A German submarine has been seen in European waters by an American destroyer.

A Greek sister of mercy was in The Pass last weekend, collecting funds for mission work.

Dr. Clark has announced that he will be a win-the-war candidate for Red Deer or nowhere.

William McNatty, prominent lawyer of Port Arthur, charged with the murder of his son.

It is announced that the total enlargement of the Australian forces now aggregate 800,000 men.

Somebody down east has come to the conclusion that auto owners always find things to worry about.

Miss Hind, of Frank, has been engaged to supply at the local school for Miss Foster for a few days.

The Peruvian congress has decided on an almost unanimous vote to sever diplomatic relations with Germany.

Miss McLaren, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Macleod, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. F. McLaren in Blairmore.

In a recent big drive in the Ypres-McLean neighbourhood, the British captured over 9,000 Hun prisoners and inflicted 40,000 casualties.

Mrs. S. Trono and children are enjoying a holiday trip through British Columbia with Mr. and Mrs. L. Trono, of Banff, in their new Dodge car.

The Automobile Association is not an individual affair, but a community builder, it is an organization to which you may become a valuable acquisition, even though you only possess a wheelbarrow.

The largest appropriation measure in the history of the United States became law on Saturday when President Wilson signed the Urgent Deficiency Bill carrying \$7,483,124,000, principally for war purposes.

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Dr. R. K. Little spent Thanksgiving with friends at Pincher Creek.

The Canadian Y.M.C.A. is building new quarters in London, England, to cost \$75,000.

Donald Prescott was down from Calgary to spend Thanksgiving with his sister, Mrs. C. R. Pearson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hadfield, of Coleman, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. E. Williams, in Blairmore.

Four million autos are in use in the United States and the auto expense amounts to \$10,000,000 yearly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lank moved up from North Fork last weekend and returned home on Sunday.

No one in this town has up to this date been able to make an auto climb a tree, but quite a number have tried it.

COLEMAN TOWN BAND—Music for Dancing. Any number of players required. Apply to G. Beddington, secretary.

A number of cars came up from Pincher Creek on Sunday evening with parties desiring to be present at the opening of the new road.

Mr. Prescott and children, after spending a month with Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Pearson, returned to her home in the U.S.A. on Monday.

A GOOD FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, or will swap good terms, Apply Box "E," Blairmore Enterprise.

The Automobile Association is not an individual affair, but a community builder, it is an organization to which you may become a valuable acquisition, even though you only possess a wheelbarrow.

Sergt. J. M. Carter returned to Canada by Sunday night's train, where he will spend some time in the military convalescent hospital at Ogden.

A young butcher in Grand Forks, B.C., who had musical gifts, was awarded \$7,500 damages by a jury against P. Burns & Co., for the loss of four fenders in a sausage machine. He sued for \$15,000.

Letters have been sent out by the food administration to the heads of all churches, asking that one hundred thousand sermons be preached on October 21st behalf of food pledge week. The administration's pledge card campaign will be waged the week of October 21 to 28.

According to the latest census Presbyterians are leading in numbers in Alberta with 91,216. Roman Catholics come second with 80,647; Methodists with 77,059, Anglicans 68,275, Lutherans 53,304, Greek church 28,854, Baptists 23,440, Mormons 9,580 and no religion 7,448.

The Lethbridge Auto Club, by resolution passed at a recent meeting, decided to mark the route of the national highway from Saskatchewan to the B.C. boundary. Although similar work has been undertaken locally by the Crow's Nest Pass Automobile Association, this latter organization should endeavor to co-operate with the Lethbridge Club in their big undertaking. The National Highway is well named the "All Red Route."

George Frederick Machan, a switchman employed in the C.P.R. yards at Crow's Nest, was fatally injured when struck by a yard engine on Monday morning of last week. His back was broken and although rushed to the hospital at Coleman, he died three hours later. The body was sent to Fernie, where the funeral took place on Wednesday. Deceased was well known in this district and leaves a widow to mourn his death.

A little experiment was tried out last week by a Ford owner, which resulted disastrously for the car.

He was maneuvering his way from Coleman, and round one of those famous curves, of which the department of public works still knows nothing, a cow ventured to cross the road. The car operator conceived the idea of an experiment and immediately raced his machine towards the poor animal.

The cow was hit amidships, the radiator was driven back into the engine, the front lights took new positions behind the front seat, and the cow walked quietly away, not even suffering a puncture. It cost the owner of the car about half the worth of the cow to repair damages, but it has satisfied himself that the cow as well as the horse will outlive the Ford.

Announcement has been made by Food Controller Hanna that regulations recommended and approved by order-in-council are now part of the law of the land and as such should be enforced by the regular police authorities. Allegations of laxity in connection with the enforcement of the food laws are now being brought to the attention of the attorney-general of each of the provinces.

Central Union Church

Sunday, October 14th, usual morning service at 11, conducted by Rev. H. Clay. Subject of address: "A Christian Duty."

Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Superintendent, Mrs. F. Wright.

Preliminary Notice Sunday, October 21st.

On Sunday, October 21st, the second anniversary of the opening of the present Union church will be observed. There will be a special visit of the Lord Bishop of Calgary, who will preach at 11 a.m. at St. Paul's.

Refreshments will be served and a collection taken.

For the convenience of parents and children, Sunday school will be held in the evenings and afterwards. Basement at 10:30 p.m., Preliminary at 2:30 p.m.

Anglican Church

Sunday, October 14th, usual morning service at 11, conducted by Rev. H. Clay. Subject of address: "A Christian Duty."

Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Superintendent, Mrs. F. Wright.

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The Service of Thanksgiving will be celebrated in St. Paul's in the evening of this day at 7 o'clock.

All are specially invited to attend these services and will receive a hearty welcome.

An old-timer remarks that because a goatherd was seen near the C.P.R. station at Greenwood so late in the season as October the first, that there will be no snow for two months.

The British Columbia "Amusement Tax" applies to all forms of amusement where admission fee is charged, including dances and skating rinks, except where the whole of the proceeds are for charitable or patriotic purposes.

A doctor in Honolulu has invented a snoring device. It is wedged like a stock's hot and cold medicines are applied for anybody to use.

Similar gloves are made for the toes. Anybody could have invented that, but evidently nobody did until now.

The British Columbia "Amusement Tax" applies to all forms of amusement where admission fee is charged, including dances and skating rinks, except where the whole of the proceeds are for charitable or patriotic purposes.

One of the best of a family, or any male over twenty years old, may homestead a quarter section of land in the bushy mountainous parts of Alberta. The applicant must be a Canadian citizen, and be 21 years of age or older. He must be of sound mind and of good character.

Debtors—Silent debtors residence in each of these districts for a period of three years before applying for certain tax exemptions. Premium patent fees are required for each application.

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W. G. Fraser
Contractor

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CROW'S NEST ENCAMPMENT NO. 8
Meets in the I.O.O.F. Hall every second and fourth Wednesday

W. J. Evans, C.P.A., R. J. BARNETT, R. N. BARNETT

W. W. BARNETT, C.M.G.

President of the Knights of the I.O.O.F. Lodge No. 10, Blairmore. Annual subscription will not be paid for 1917.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF FRED IWANICKI, late of the Village of Hillcrest, Alberta.

Notice is hereby given that persons

having claims upon the estate of the above-named deceased, deceased on the second day of November, 1916,

are required to file the same with the undersigned before the 1st day of December, 1917.

Claims and/or any security held by

the administrator will be distributed as the assets of the estate permit.

Administrator will distribute the assets

of the estate among the parties entitled

to receive them, and the amount of each claim or security which has been filed by

which date will be determined by the

date of the notice of the filing of the

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